- 1 D Bank Performance and Ratio Analysis
- 2 C Ratio Analysis
 - ♦G&K: Chp. 3 (Skip RAROC & EVA)
 - Overheads
 - http://www2.fdic.gov/ubpr/
 - "View Reports"
 - "Uniform Bank Performance Reports"
 - Enter Bank Name
 - ◆<u>www.ffiec.gov</u>
 - Handbooks & Catalogs
 UBPR Handbook
 - ♦ UBPR basis of CAMEL Ratings

3 Corporate vs. Fin'l Institution

- 1 ♦Corporate
 - Liquidity
 - Asset Utilization
 - Leverage
 - Profitability
 - Concentration on use of assets to provide return and continuation
- 2 ◆Banks
 - Profitability
 - Capital/Risks
 - Liquidity

Concentration on risks to provide return, stability and continuation

4 🗆 Areas of Concentration

- ♦ <u>Credit Risk</u> Loans and Secs quality & type
- ◆Liquidity Risk S/T to L/T composition of
- ◆<u>Market Risk</u> Int Rate sensitivity of Assets
- ◆<u>Operating Risk</u> Employee usage and EmpExp/#Emps)
- ◆Legal Risk Lawsuits, Contract Exposure,
- ◆ <u>Capital/Solvency Risk</u> Eq Capital used and categories of usage

5 🗅 Main Model

♦ROE (return on equity) DuPont: NI/S * S/A * A/Eq PM * ATO * Lev ROA * Lev Banks: NI / (Inc Before Tax, Sec G/L) * (Inc Before Tax, Sec G/L) / Tot Optg Rev * Tot Optg Rev / A * Assets and Liabs & Liabs (GAP) efficiency (A/#Emps,

negative publicity avail vs. Risk

A / Eq Tax Eff * Exp Eff * Asset Eff * Fund'g Eff 6 Main Model: Standards ◆Corporate: ROE = ROA * Lev 10-20% = 5-10% * 2♦Banks: 10-20% = .7 - 1.4% * 14Tax Eff * Exp Eff * Asset Eff * Fund'g Eff 10-20% =80% * 20% * 9% * 14 BIG (\$750B) 70% * 18% * 7% * 14 Small (\$500m) 7 C Return on Assets AROA = NI / A NI = NII + NNonII - Other Things (OT)AROA =NII / A + NNonII / A - OT / A Spread + Burden - OT 4% + -2.25% - 0.75% (Roughly) Spread = Better credit than customers Burden = Return from providing Svcs. 8 Leverage/Credit Risk ♦Asset Quality ◆Loan Quality/Quantity ♦Credit Risk Market (Interest-Rate) Risk (Later in Gap Analysis) 9 Leverage/Credit Risk Asset Quality - Provision for Loan Losses / Loans (<.2%) - Non-Accruals / Loans (< 1%) - Charge-Offs / Loans (Hopefully < ProvLL) Loan Ratios – Loans / Assets (60-80%)- Loans / Deposits (70% Small, Big) 10 Credit Risk

Capital Note Rate vs. Gov't Sec Yld
 Should be of same maturity

100 + %

- Time Series trend, widening → More risk

11 🗆 Liquidity

- Temporary Investments:
 - FF sold+Secs<1yr+DueFrom / A
- ◆Volatile Liability Dependency:
 - 1) JumboCDs -TempInvmts / Loans
 - 2) Jumbos+FFPurch / Assets
 - 3) Jumbos+FFPurch / Total Liabs

(% of funding)

12 CAMELS Ratings

- $\blacklozenge \underline{C}$ Capital Adequacy
- ◆<u>A</u> Asset Quality
- ♦<u>M</u> Mgmt Quality, Mgmt & BofD ability and systems (policies & procedures)
- E Earnings, not just quantity, but quality, sustainability
- ◆<u>L</u> Liquidity
- $igoplus \underline{S}$ Sensitivity to market fluctuations, Int
 - rates, FX, Commod prices (thru loans)