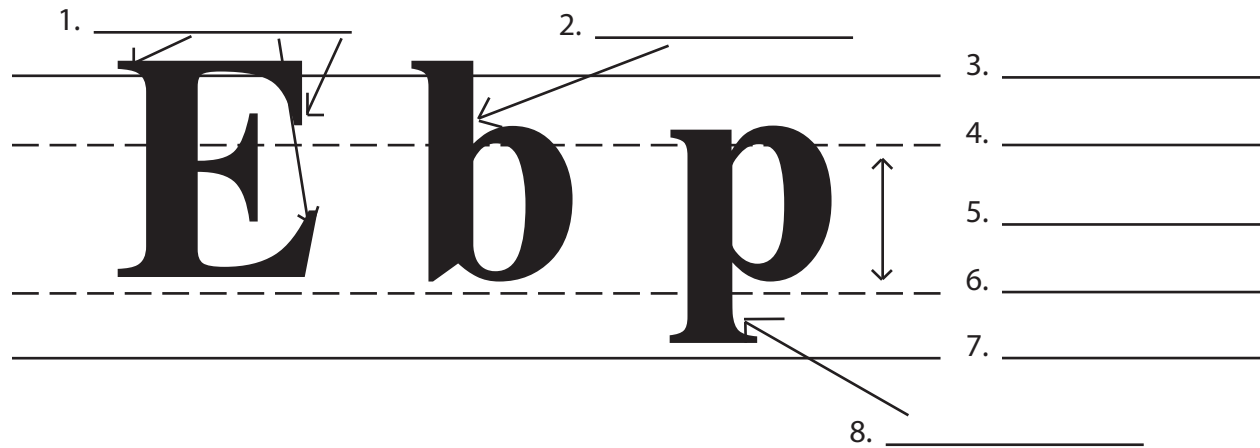


# Typography Test

Name \_\_\_\_\_

Label the following parts of a type character:



Label the typestyle used for the following:

- |                               |                               |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 9. _____ Graphic Arts         | 18. _____ <i>Graphic Arts</i> |
| 10. _____ <b>Graphic Arts</b> | 19. _____ Graphic Arts        |
| 11. _____ <i>Graphic Arts</i> | 20. _____ <u>Graphic Arts</u> |
| 12. _____ <b>Graphic Arts</b> | 21. _____ <u>Graphic Arts</u> |
| 13. _____ <b>Graphic Arts</b> | 22. _____ <i>Graphic Arts</i> |
| 14. _____ <b>Graphic Arts</b> | 23. _____ GRAPHIC ARTS        |
| 15. _____ Graphic Arts        | 24. _____ <b>GRAPHIC ARTS</b> |
| 16. _____ <b>GRAPHIC ARTS</b> | 25. _____ <i>Graphic Arts</i> |
| 17. _____ <i>Graphic Arts</i> | 26. _____ <b>Graphic Arts</b> |

Label the type format use

Kendrick High School's Graphic Arts Technology department received PrintED industry accreditation in 1995. They were the 7th school in Georgia and the 37th in the nation.

Kendrick High School's Graphic Arts Technology department received PrintED industry accreditation in 1995. They were the 7th school in Georgia and the 37th in the nation.

Kendrick High School's Graphic Arts Technology department received PrintED industry accreditation in 1995. They were the 7th school in Georgia and the 37th in the nation.

Kendrick High School's Graphic Arts Technology department received PrintED industry accreditation in 1995. They were the 7th school in Georgia and the 37th in the nation.

27. \_\_\_\_\_ 28. \_\_\_\_\_ 29. \_\_\_\_\_ 30. \_\_\_\_\_

Match the following terms with the correct definition.

- |                |       |   |
|----------------|-------|---|
| 31. Typography | _____ | <b>A.</b> A group of related, but SLIGHTLY DIFFERENT type fonts and type series.  |
| 32. Typeface   | _____ |   |
| 33. Font       | _____ | <b>B.</b> Individual types consistint of ALL sizes of one style or design.  |
| 34. Series     | _____ | <b>C.</b> A complete assortment of characters of a single size and design. It includes uppercase, lowercase, numerals, and punctuation marks. |
| 35. Family     | _____ | <b>D.</b> Refers to the unique shape or design of the characters included in a type font, type series, or type family.                        |
|                |       | <b>E.</b> Refers to the selection and arrangement of type elements included in the proposed design layout for a piece of printing.            |

Match the following terms with the correct definition.

- |                  |       |   |
|------------------|-------|---|
| 36. Roman        | _____ | <b>A.</b> No serifs, Little or no contrast in thickness of letters, Cleanly designed  |
| 37. Square Serif | _____ |   |
| 38. Sans Serif   | _____ | <b>B.</b> Resembles Handwriting, Thick and thin strokes, Should never be set in all caps  |
| or Gothic        | _____ |   |
| 39. Text         | _____ | <b>C.</b> Serifs are pointed and strokes are angular, Patterned after early scribes, Difficult to read, Should never be set in all caps |
| 40. Script or    | _____ |   |
| Cursive          | _____ | <b>D.</b> Serifs, Thick and Thin Strokes, Characters are easily read  |
| 41. Novelty or   | _____ |   |
| Decorative       | _____ | <b>E.</b> Geometric in design, Square or blocked serifs, Limited usage as text matter, Used for headlines                               |
|                  |       | <b>F.</b> Does not fit in any other class, Hand-designed types, Used for advertising purposes   |

Label the following type case used.

42. \_\_\_\_\_ **GRAPHIC ARTS**

43. \_\_\_\_\_ graphic arts

44. \_\_\_\_\_ **GRAPHIC ARTS**

Match the following terms with the correct definition.

- |                |       |   |
|----------------|-------|---|
| 45. Ascender   | _____ | <b>A.</b> The distance between the base line and mean line of type; the height of a lowercase letter excluding the ascenders or descenders. |
| 46. Descender  | _____ |   |
| 47. Serifs     | _____ | <b>B.</b> The imaginary line along the bottom of the body height of characters, sometimes referred to as the “x” height line.               |
| 48. X-height   | _____ |   |
| 49. Baseline   | _____ | <b>C.</b> The part of a lowercase letter that rises above the x-height, as in b,d,f,h,k,l, and t.   |
| 50. Waistline  | _____ |   |
| or Mean Line   | _____ | <b>D.</b> The part of a lowercase letter that goes below the x-height, as in g, j, p, q, and y.   |
| 51. Upper case | _____ | <b>E.</b> Uppercase letters slightly smaller than the normal capitals of a font.  |
| 52. Lower case | _____ |   |
| 53. Small caps | _____ | <b>F.</b> An imaginary line drawn along the top of body height letters.   |
| 54. Ligature   | _____ | <b>G.</b> These are capital or “cap” characters.  |
|                |       | <b>H.</b> The small characters in type, as distinguished from uppercase or capitals, sometimes referred to as “lc”.                         |
|                |       | <b>I.</b> A combination of characters in one unit, such as ff or ffi  |
|                |       | <b>J.</b> Short cross-strokes that project out at the end of the main letter strokes in some typefaces.                                     |

Match the following terms with the correct definition.

- |                                 |       |   |
|---------------------------------|-------|---|
| 55. Flush Left/<br>Ragged Right | _____ | <b>A.</b> Format that has the copy evenly aligned on the right side of the column and uneven on the left. |
| 56. Flush Right/<br>Ragged Left | _____ | <b>B.</b> Format that has the type centered on the page resulting in uneven line lengths.                 |
| 57. Centered                    | _____ | <b>C.</b> Lines are aligned on both the left and right edges of the column or page.                       |
| 58. Justified                   | _____ | <b>D.</b> Format that has the copy evenly aligned on the left side of the column and uneven on the right. |